You have been given an **N95 or N95-equivalent respirator** (“compatible N95 respirator”) that has been decontaminated for **reuse by healthcare personnel in a healthcare setting** to help prevent healthcare personnel exposure to pathogenic biological airborne particulates during the COVID-19 pandemic.

This Fact Sheet informs you of the significant known and potential risks and benefits of the emergency use of decontaminated, compatible N95 respirators. These compatible N95 respirators have been decontaminated using the Duke Decontamination System with Hydrogen Peroxide Vapor (hereafter referred to as “decontaminated N95 respirators” and “Duke Decontamination System” throughout this Fact Sheet).

### Whether or not you use a surgical mask, respirator, or face shield, always follow infection control measures:
- Wash hands, cover coughs and sneezes, stay home if you may be sick.

### What are the symptoms of COVID-19?
Many patients with confirmed COVID-19 have developed fever and/or symptoms of acute respiratory illness (e.g., cough, difficulty breathing). However, limited information is currently available to characterize the full spectrum of clinical illness associated with COVID-19. Based on what is known about the virus that causes COVID-19, signs and symptoms may appear any time from 2 to 14 days after exposure to the virus. Based on preliminary data, the median incubation period is approximately 5 days, but may range 2-14 days.

Public health officials have identified cases of COVID-19 infection throughout the world, including the United States, which may pose risks for public health. Please check the CDC webpage for the most up to date information.

### What do I need to know about the emergency use of decontaminated N95 respirators?
- The Duke Decontamination System has been authorized for emergency use to decontaminate compatible N95 respirators for reuse by healthcare personnel during the COVID-19 pandemic to prevent exposure to pathogenic biological airborne particulates.
- Successful testing on decontaminated N95 respirators demonstrated acceptable performance through 10 decontamination cycles for sporicidal activity, viricidal activity, filtration efficiency, breathability, form fit testing, and strap integrity testing.
- While decontaminated N95 respirators were assessed for fit and filtration, they have **not been approved by CDC/NIOSH**.
- **Preparing compatible N95 respirators for decontamination:**
  - Remove the compatible N95 respirator per institutional procedures.
  - Place compatible N95 respirators into the collection bin located in your patient care location.
  - Discard if decontaminated 10 times or if visibly soiled or damaged.
- **Use of decontaminated N95 respirators:**
  - Decontaminated N95 respirators are not sterile.
  - Inspect respirators after each use prior to submission for decontamination.
  - If decontaminated N95 respirators are soiled or damaged, they should be discarded.
  - Cellulose-based materials are incompatible with the Duke Decontamination System.
  - The number of tick marks indicates the number of times a respirator has been decontaminated (maximum 10 times).
  - Report problems with decontaminated N95 respirators to Duke Health.
- **Monitor healthcare personnel for signs and symptoms** of potential infection with SARS-CoV-2 or other respiratory infection for up to and including 14 days after last contact with the SARS-CoV-2 virus and related material, and promptly report such information to Duke Health.
- **Report damage or discoloration** observed upon receipt of the decontaminated N95 respirators, and potential exposure of healthcare personnel from breaks in or other damage to or degradation of the decontaminated N95 respirators.

**Report Adverse events**, including problems with device performance, to MedWatch by submitting the online FDA Form 3500 (https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/medwatch/index.cfm?action=reporting.home) or by calling 1-800-FDA-1088.
Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) when caring for individuals suspected of having COVID-19 as outlined in the CDC webpages, including *Interim Infection Prevention and Control Recommendations for Patients with Confirmed Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) or Persons Under Investigation for COVID-19 in Healthcare Settings, Infection Control, and FAQ about PPE*.

Current information on COVID-19 for healthcare personnel is available at CDC’s webpage, *Information for Healthcare Professionals* (see links provided in “Where can I go for updates and more information” section).

**What are the known and potential benefits and risks of using decontaminated N95 respirators?**

**Potential benefits include:**
- May help prevent exposure to airborne pathogens, and therefore reduce the risk of infection or illness.
- Extends the usability of compatible N95 respirators by allowing for decontamination and reuse.

**Potential risks include:**
- Failure of filtration efficiency.
- Reduced breathability.
- Strap failure and ineffective face-fit.
- Reused respirators may not have been effectively decontaminated of SARS-CoV-2 or other pathogens.
- Cross-contamination from ineffective decontamination.

**Overview of the Duke Decontamination System**

The Duke Decontamination System is a self-contained decontamination product that uses vapor phase hydrogen peroxide (VHP) for decontamination of compatible N95 respirators that are contaminated or potentially contaminated with SARS-CoV-2 or other pathogenic microorganisms. N95 respirators containing cellulose-based materials are incompatible with the Duke Decontamination System.

Each decontamination cycle in the Duke Decontamination System consists of injecting VHP into the decontamination room until achieving a saturated atmosphere indicated by micro condensation; maintaining the VHP exposure for a 20-minute dwell time; and allowing the VHP to off gas to a level below 1 ppm prior to post decontamination processing. A minimum of one biological indicator is dispersed throughout the system to indicate a successful decontamination cycle. This decontamination system enables the reuse of compatible N95 respirators that would otherwise be disposed of after a single use. However, respirators that are visibly soiled must be discarded and not reused or decontaminated.

**What is an EUA?**

The United States FDA has made the emergency use of the Duke Decontamination System to decontaminate compatible N95 respirators available under an emergency access mechanism called an Emergency Use Authorization (EUA). The EUA is supported by the Secretary of Health and Human Service’s (HHS’s) declaration that circumstances exist to justify the emergency use of medical devices, including alternative products used as medical devices, due to insufficient supply during the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Duke Decontamination System has been made available under an EUA, and has not undergone the same type of review as an FDA-approved or cleared device. FDA may issue an EUA when certain criteria are met, which includes that there are no adequate, approved, available alternatives, and based on the totality of scientific evidence available, it is reasonable to believe that the Duke Decontamination System may be effective at preventing healthcare personnel exposure to pathogenic biological airborne particulates during periods of insufficient respirator supply during the COVID-19 pandemic by decontaminating, for a maximum of 10 decontamination cycles per respirator, compatible N95 respirators that are contaminated or potentially contaminated with SARS-CoV-2 or other pathogenic microorganisms.

The EUA for the Duke Decontamination System is in effect for the duration of the COVID-19 declaration justifying emergency use of medical devices, unless terminated or revoked (after which the products may no longer be used).

**Where can I go for updates and more information?**

*CDC webpages:*  

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General: https://www.cdc.gov/COVID19

FDA webpages:
General: www.fda.gov/novelcoronavirus
EUAs: https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/emergency-situations-medical-devices/emergency-use-authorizations

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